

ETHIOPIA LAND GOVERNANCE ACTIVITY



QUARTERLY ACTIVITY PROGRESS REPORT NO. 18 QUARTER 4, FISCAL YEAR 2023 (JULY I – SEPTEMBER 30, 2023)



October 2023

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Cover Photos:

Urban land rights adjudication and registration pilot activities in Bishoftu City, Dukem Sub-City

Top: Locating and assessing ground control points.

Bottom Left: Discussing adjudication and registration processes with city inhabitants.

Bottom Right: Posting parcel adjudication maps and textual date for public display.

Photographs by Alemayehu Jirra, Land Adjudication Officer.

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FEED THE FUTURE ETHIOPIA LAND GOVERNANCE ACTIVITY

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ACRONYMS

CALM Climate Action through the Landscape Management Program for Results

CLA Collaborating, Learning, and Adapting

CLGE Customary Landholding Governance Entity

COP Chief of Party

COR Contracting Officer's Representative

COVID-19 Novel Coronavirus of 2019

CRPRS Cadaster and Real Property Registration System

CSO Civil Society Organization

DCOP Deputy Chief of Party

DQA Data Quality Assessment

EFCCC Environment, Forestry, and Climate Change Commission

ELAPA Ethiopian Land Administration Professionals Association

EWLA Ethiopian Women Lawyers Association

FTF Feed the Future

FY Fiscal Year

GESI Gender Equity and Social Inclusion

GoE Government of Ethiopia

GNSS Global Navigation Satellite Systems

GPS Global Positioning System

GIZ Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammen

GPDI Gayo Pastoral Development Initiatives

H.E. His Excellency

ILA/BDU Institute of Land Administration at Bahir Dar University

IR Intermediate Result

LAND USAID-funded Land Administration to Nurture Development Program

LGA Feed the Future Ethiopia Land Governance Activity

LIS Land Information System

MEL Monitoring, Evaluation, and Learning

MoA Ministry of Agriculture

MoPD Ministry of Planning and Development

MoUI Ministry of Urban and Infrastructure

M.Sc. Master of Science

NILUPP National Integrated Land Use Plan/Policy

NRLAIS National Rural Lands Administration Information System

NRS National Regional State

OCA Organizational Capacity Assessment

PIA Public Information and Awareness

PIRS Performance Indicator Reference Sheet

PO Project Office

ToR Terms of Reference

TVET Technical Vocational Education Training

SNNP Southern Nations, Nationalities and Peoples

ULAR Urban Land Adjudication and Registration

USAID United States Agency for International Development

USG United States Government

WLTF Women's Land Rights Task Force

GENERAL INFORMATION

Activity Title	Feed the Future Ethiopia Land Governance Activity
Prime Partner	Tetra Tech ARD
Contract Number	7200AA18D00003/72066319F00002
Activity Start Date	May 24, 2019
Activity End Date	May 23, 2024
Life of Activity Budget	Approximately \$10.9 million
Reporting Period	Quarter 4, Fiscal Year 2023: July 1, 2023, to September 30, 2023

I.0 INTRODUCTION

The United States Agency for International Development (USAID)/Ethiopia contracted Tetra Tech as the prime contractor to implement the five-year Feed the Future Ethiopia Land Governance Activity (LGA) Task Order under the Strengthening Tenure and Resource Rights II Indefinite Delivery Indefinite Quantity Contract. Tetra Tech will implement the LGA over a five-year period from May 2019 to May 2024. This Quarterly Report No. 18 summarizes implementation progress made during the period of July 1- September 30, 2023 (Quarter 4, FY 2023).

LGA's purpose is to support the Government of Ethiopia (GoE), its regions, and citizens to strengthen land governance, increase incomes, reduce conflict, and support well-planned urbanization, thereby contributing to the country's socio-economic development. To help achieve these goals, LGA is implementing interventions under two components:

Component 1: Strengthening the land governance system

- i. Facilitate policy reforms and strengthen land administration and land use by promoting structural reforms of rural and urban institutions and the land information system.
- ii. Improve technical capacity for suitable land administration and land use planning activities to address emerging issues, such as urbanization, industrialization, and youth.
- iii. Conduct policy-oriented research on land governance and provide scalable solutions to improve land governance.

Component 2: Expanding communal land tenure security in pastoral areas

- i. Expand communal land tenure security in pastoral areas through improved policy and legal reform.
- ii. For pastoral community lands, develop a scalable approach for land demarcation, registration, and certification in collaboration with community institutions.

2.0 COMPONENT I: STRENGTHENING THE LAND GOVERNANCE SYSTEM

- 2.1 SUB-COMPONENT 1.1: FACILITATE POLICY REFORMS AND STRENGTHEN LAND ADMINISTRATION AND LAND USE INSTITUTIONS BY PROMOTING STRUCTURAL REFORMS OF RURAL AND URBAN INSTITUTIONS AND THE LAND INFORMATION SYSTEM
- 2.1.1 ACTIVITY 1.1: ESTABLISH AND PROVIDE ONGOING SUPPORT TO THE FEED THE FUTURE ETHIOPIA LAND GOVERNANCE ACTIVITY STEERING COMMITTEE

LGA's National Steering Committee (NSC) met on July 26, 2023, to review and discuss findings and recommendations contained in the report, "Assessment of the Urban and Rural Land Information Systems and Options for Integration", that was prepared by Tetra Tech's small business partner, Resonance. Findings and recommendations contained in the report were previously reviewed and endorsed by members of the National Technical Committee (NTC) who recommended that the report be presented to the NSC.

LGA's Deputy Chief of Party (DCOP), who is a member of the NTC, gave a Power Point presentation on the report's main findings and recommendations to the NSC. The report assessed options for integrating the current National Rural Lands Administration Information System (NRLAIS) and the urban Cadaster and Real Property Registration System (CRPRS) into a unified, rural and urban land information system (LIS) and concluded that upgrading and expanding the functionality of NRLAIS to serve as the unified LIS was the most efficient and cost-effective option.

The NSC's Chairperson and its members welcomed the assessment contained in the report, commending its high quality. They also accepted NTC's endorsement of the report's findings and recommendations and advised that it should be promoted among the nation's regional land bureaus to help advance reforms to establish a unified, rural and urban LIS. The NSC agreed that members of the NTC should make the same presentation to the State Minister of the Ministry of Urban and Infrastructure (MoUI), who was unable to attend the meeting, to inform him of the consensus reached by the NSC. The NSC also agreed that a similar presentation should be made to management and technical experts of the Oromia and Amhara NRS Land Bureaus. LGA will collaborate with the Ministry of Agriculture (MoA) and MoUI on preparing a plan to advance development of the unified LIS and to mobilize resources and funding to construct it.

2.1.2 ACTIVITY 1.2: SUPPORT THE NATIONAL INTEGRATED LAND USE POLICY/ PLAN (NILUPP) PROJECT OFFICE (PO) TO ADVANCE DEVELOPMENT AND ROLL-OUT OF THE NILUPP

As reported previously, the GoE has moved the PO from the Environment, Forest, and Climate Change Commission to the Ministry of Planning and Development (MoPD). The MoPD has yet to propose actions on convening agencies and actors engaged in land use policy and land use planning to chart the way forward to prepare and roll out the NILUPP, preventing LGA from making progress during this reporting period.

2.1.3 ACTIVITY 1.3: SUPPORT REFORM OF FEDERAL AND REGIONAL PROCLAMATIONS AND REGULATIONS AND STRENGTHEN CAPACITY OF LAND ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS TO IMPLEMENT NEW LEGISLATION

Support Drafting of Amendments to Federal Land Administration and Land Use Proclamation No. 456/2005

As reported previously, the MoA submitted its draft amendment to the federal proclamation to the Council of Ministers in May 2023. The Council was expected to discuss the draft before the 2023 closing session of the House of Peoples Representatives (Ethiopian Parliament) but did not do so.

Support Preparation of Regional Proclamations, Regulations and Directives

Regional land administration and land use proclamations.

LGA's support to regions in amending their rural land administration and use proclamations and regulations is dependent on enactment of the amended federal Proclamation No. 456/2005. Because the amendments have yet to be passed into law, LGA was prevented from supporting preparation of regional proclamations during the reporting period.

Expropriation, Valuation, Compensation and Resettlement Directives

The Tigray NRS Land Bureau had requested LGA assistance in drafting its directive. LGA provided logistical and financial support to form a drafting committee comprising seven members from the NRS's rural and urban land bureau and experts from the MoA who participated in a workshop held in Adama Town during July 20 - August 5, 2023 to produce a draft of the directive. LGA also supported a workshop to validate the draft directive held in Wuqro Town in Tigray NRS during August 30 - September 1, 2023. The drafting committee is currently improving the draft by incorporating the input gathered at the workshop.

LGA previously provided technical support to the Dire Dawa City administration and the Gambella NRS, to prepare their respective directives. During this reporting period, the directives were finalized and submitted to the respective cabinets for approval, which is pending.

2.1.4 ACTIVITY 1.4: SUPPORT ESTABLISHMENT OF A UNIFIED RURAL/URBAN SERVICE DELIVERY PLATFORM

As reported under Activity I.I above, the NSC accepted the NTC's endorsement of the recommendations contained in LGA's assessment report to upgrade and expand NRLAIS to serve as a single, unified rural and urban LIS and agreed the recommendations contained in the report should be used to promote support among the regions for a unified rural and urban LIS. LGA will collaborate with the MoA and MoUI on preparing a plan to advance development of the unified LIS and to mobilize resources and funding to construct it.

2.1.5 ACTIVITY 1.5: INCREASE PARTICIPATION OF WOMEN AND YOUTH IN THE LAND AGENDA

Integrate Gender Responsive Mechanisms in Design and Implementation of the Urban Land Adjudication and Registration Pilot in Dukem Town

Gender-Based Violence (GBV) Protocol

As reported previously, LGA submitted the final draft of the GBV protocol to USAID for review and comment. USAID provided feedback during this reporting period that has been incorporated into the protocol. The feedback also helped LGA's Gender and Monitoring, Evaluation and Learning (MEL) Specialists to prepare an action plan to orientate and assist government stakeholders to implement the protocol and a set of indicators with which to measure implementation progress.

Public Awareness Raising Campaign on Women's Land Rights

The Ethiopian Women Lawyers Association (EWLA) successfully completed its subcontract with LGA to conduct an awareness-raising campaign on women's land rights in Dukem Town, simultaneously with the Urban Land Adjudication and Registration (ULAR) Pilot activities. EWLA prepared a draft report of the activities implemented that was reviewed and commented upon by the LGA team and integrated LGA's comments into the final report it submitted. The report documented the awareness-raising and outreach activities conducted by EWLA, including a series of community conversations with women landholders in the ULAR site; mass outreach using mobile van; interface meeting with stakeholders including community representatives and experts from the Dukem Town cadaster office, justice bureau, department of women and children affairs, police, and the ULAR Pilot team; billboards and a TV panel discussion on Oromia Broadcasting Network.

LGA conducted a follow-up assessment applying indicators developed by LGA's Gender and MEL Specialists that indicated a 30% increase in women's participation in the ULAR pilot compared against the baseline data collected by LGA. The significant increase in women's participation attributed to EWLA's public awareness activities and will inform best practices to improve women's participation in future ULAR activities LGA will support the GoE to scale-up.

Supporting National and Regional Women Land Rights Task Forces (WLRTFs):

Policy brief on legal and regulatory barriers to accessing land.

LGA is supporting EWLA to assess the legal and regulatory constraints that prevent women from accessing land. The assessment is based on secondary research findings and primary data from EWLA's free legal aid services in six regions, including Addis Ababa. The assessment will inform a policy brief that will be prepared by EWLA and the National WLRTF. EWLA prepared an initial assessment report that was discussed with members of the Task Force during the previous reporting period but due to the security situation in Amhara NRS, the assessment report could not be completed, which has also delayed preparation of the policy brief.

Gender Equity and Social Inclusion (GESI) training manual

LGA is developing the training manual to help strengthen GESI in the delivery of land administration services. LGA will support a training of trainers approach, where experts from the Rural Land Administration and Use Lead Executive Office of the MoA, Women Children and Youth Affairs Directorate, MoUI, the National WLRTF and EWLA will cascade the training down to land bureau staff at the regional, zonal, woreda and kebele levels. LGA contextualized and updated the USAID/Liberia-funded Land Governance Support Activity's gender equality and women's land rights trainer's manual to the Ethiopian context, including its legal and policy frameworks, land administration processes, economic challenges, and cultural norms, to prepare the first draft of the manual. The training manual will be reviewed and validated by the National WLRTF and LGA before it is finalized, and trainings are delivered.

Supporting preparation of regional legislation

LGA facilitated the National WLRFTF's collaboration with the MoA's Rural Land Administration and Use Lead Executive Office in reviewing the draft rural land administration and use proclamation being prepared by the newly established Southwest region. LGA collected comments from the members of the National WLRTF by email and provided them to the region's drafting committee.

LGA's Gender Specialist participated in the validation workshop for draft expropriation, valuation, and compensation directive in the Afar NRS and provided inputs to strengthen GESI provisions. This provided an opportunity to discuss with the head and deputy head of the region's land bureau to finalize establishment of the region's WLRTF to advocate for the land rights of women and vulnerable groups and to develop gender-responsive legislation in the region. LGA's Gender Specialist also participated in the rapid assessment of pastoralists' customary institutions and land governance practices in selected *woredas* of the region. Pastoral women were consulted separately to get their input on priority concerns related to pastoral land governance and the process of registering their community's land use rights.

Supporting the women's land rights agenda

The National WLRTF signed a tripartite agreement with the Stand for Her Land project, a national coalition of Civil Society Organizations (CSOs) who work together to advocate for women's land rights and Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammen (GIZ) to collaborate in

advocating for the women's land rights agenda. LGA is a partner of the coalition, and its Pastoralist Land Governance and Gender Specialists are sharing LGA's experience strengthening the land rights of pastoralist women's land rights. They also recommended CSO partners like Gayo Pastoral Development Initiative and EWLA to become members of the coalition.

- 2.2. SUB-COMPONENT 1.2: IMPROVE TECHNICAL CAPACITY FOR SUITABLE LAND ADMINISTRATION AND LAND USE PLANNING ACTIVITIES TO ADDRESS EMERGING ISSUES SUCH AS URBANIZATION, INDUSTRIALIZATION, AND YOUTH
- 2.2.1 ACTIVITY 1.6: FELLOWSHIP GRANT TO STAFF OF GOE MINISTRIES AND REGIONAL BUREAUS FOR TRAINING AT GRADUATE-LEVEL DEGREE AND TECHNICAL VOCATIONAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING (TVET) PROGRAMS AND INTERNSHIPS

Master of Science (M.Sc.) Degree Fellowship Program at the Institute of Land Administration of Bahir Dar University (ILA/BDU)

A total of 62 candidates, in two batches of 31 each, enrolled in the Land Administration and Management and Property Valuation programs. Five candidates from the first batch (four male and one female) withdrew for personal reasons. The 26 remaining candidates (25 male and one female) have completed three semesters of course work successfully and have started their research work for their thesis. Of these, 16 are enrolled in the land administration program, while 10 are enrolled in the property valuation program. All candidates have completed course work. Candidates in the land administration program had submitted draft thesis reports in July 2023 and were scheduled to travel to the university to present the reports in August 2023. Candidates in the property valuation program had submitted their thesis proposals. The security situation in Amhara NRS, has prevented the candidates from preparing and presenting their reports. University officials have rescheduled final thesis presentation and expect the first batch of candidates to graduate in January 2024.

Of the second batch of 31 candidates, three of them (two male and one female) withdrew for personal reasons. The remaining 28 are all enrolled in the land administration program and have completed two semesters of course work. The security situation in the region has disrupted their studies. University officials have scheduled the program to resume in July 2024 with an anticipated graduation date of January 2025 which is beyond LGA's current end date. LGA will discuss with USAID appropriate arrangements to enable the candidates to complete their training successfully.

M.Sc. Degree Fellowship Program in Land Use Planning and Management at Jimma University

Twenty-six candidates (25 male and one female) enrolled in the program. One male candidate withdrew for personal reasons. The remaining 25 candidates have completed two semesters of course work successfully. In September 2023, the candidates completed the third semester of their studies during which the university requires all M.Sc. candidates to complete a community-based training program. Under this program, candidates identify issues impacting communities living within a 50-kilometer radius of the university, conduct field research to better understand the issues and prepare a report with recommendations for action. The candidates are now preparing their theses and are expected to graduate from the program in January 2024.

Table. I: MSc fellowship Total program awardee status

	Candidates enrolled Sta		Stat	Status					Tantativa		
					Continuing		Withdrawn		Irawn	Tentative Graduation	
University	Batches	M	F	Total	M	Т	_	М	ш	Т	
Bahir Dar	I	29	2	31	25	I	26	4	I	5	January 2024
	II	28	3	31	26	2	28	2	I	3	January 2025
Jimma	1	25	I	26	24	I	25	I	-	I	January, 2024
Total		82	6	88	75	4	79	7	2	9	

Internship Program

LGA is supporting two rounds of internship opportunities in *woreda* level land bureau offices for technical vocational education training (TVET) students who completed Levels III-IV training and first-degree university students who have completed at least two years of land administration or related studies. As reported previously, the first round of interns, 38 first degree students (28 Male and 10 Female) and 89 TVET diploma students (47 Male and 42 Female), have completed their internships.

To support the second round, LGA contacted the Amhara, Oromia, and SNNP NRS land bureaus and the Debre Berhan urban land office to host interns. They agreed to provide office space and mentoring staff to support experiential learning and skills building for the interns. LGA facilitated placement of 58 first degree students (47 male and 11 female) and 92 TVET students (56 male and 36 female) in 22 woreda land bureau offices across these regions during the period July I – August 31, 2023, to gain practical skills and first-hand knowledge of land administration business processes.

LGA staff conducted field monitoring of the program. They observed that coordinated supervision between LGA, instructors from the participating universities and TVET colleges and mentors assigned in the *woreda* land bureau offices contributed to a deeper and richer learning experience for the interns. The host land bureau offices and the academic institutions emphasized that such practical learning experiences benefits both the students and the land bureaus. The dean of the Hawassa University, Wondo Genet College of Forestry and Natural Resources stated that that the program helps bridge the gap between theoretical knowledge and practical skills. The dean expressed his gratitude to LGA for supporting the program and awarded it a certificate of appreciation.

2.2.2 ACTIVITY 1.7: SUPPORT ESTABLISHMENT AND STRENGTHENING OF THE NATIONAL LAND PROFESSIONALS' ASSOCIATION (ELAPA)

LGA recently issued ELAPA a non-competed grant to help strengthen its institutional capacity to become a self-sustaining professional association that can offer the GoE technical assistance in reviewing and formulating land policies and legislation and improving delivery of land administration services to uphold land use rights of all citizens. Under the grant, LGA will provide ELAPA material and financial support to provide short-term training to GoE staff, the private sector, CSOs and policy makers on topics including land policy formulation and land administration practices in Ethiopia. The grant will also support ELAPA to facilitate national dialog forums on the proposed restructuring of Ethiopia's urban and rural land administration institutions that will be informed by the paper prepared by ELAPA's Task Force titled "Land Administration Challenges caused by Institutional Fragmentation and Disorganized Land Administration Services". The paper will be discussed and reviewed at a stakeholder's workshop after which it will be finalized and presented to the GoE, and the policy dialog will be widely publicized through various media channels.

ELAPA appointed a manager to oversee daily operations and strengthen the association's operational capacity to implement activities under its grant agreement with LGA. The manager is leading preparation of ELAPA's work plan for the coming year and planning the program for the association's annual general assembly meeting to be held in Addis Ababa in October 2023.

2.3 SUB-COMPONENT 1.3: CONDUCT POLICY-ORIENTED RESEARCH ON LAND GOVERNANCE AND PROVIDE SCALABLE SOLUTIONS TO IMPROVE LAND GOVERNANCE

2.3.1 ACTIVITY 1.8: SUPPORT POLICY-ORIENTED RESEARCH ON LAND GOVERNANCE

LGA awarded research grants to Haramaya University, Jimma University College of Agriculture, Addis Ababa University College of Development Studies and Bahir Dar University Institute of Land Administration. All grantees have submitted inception reports that have been reviewed by LGA's technical experts. LGA requested Addis Ababa and Haramaya Universities to revise their sampling criteria and study locations, and Bahir Dar University to revise its research tools to enable deeper analysis on social inclusion issues. The universities addressed LGA's requests, and all inception reports have been approved.

Grantees, except for Bahir Dar University, have mostly completed data collection in the field. Data collection in Bahir Dar Town is being delayed by the conflict in Amhara NRS. Currently, Jimma and Haramaya Universities are expected to submit their draft research reports in November 2023 and Addis Ababa is expected to submit its draft report in January 2024. Submission of Bahir Dar University's draft report depends on stabilization of the security situation.

2.3.2 ACTIVITY 1.9: SUPPORT ESTABLISHMENT OF LEARNING WOREDAS

Although the MoA is no longer interested in support for the establishment of learning woredas, LGA is planning to organize a study visit for regional, zonal and woreda land administration staff and pastoral elders from Afar and Somali NRSs to East Bale Zone of Oromia NRS to learn from the experience of land bureau staff and communities in applying processes, procedures and techniques developed to formalize and secure pastoral communities' land rights. The visit was initially planned to take place in Borana Zone but security issues there and in the neighboring Guji Zone prevented it from occurring.

2.3.3 ACTIVITY 1.10: SUPPORT PILOTING OF SYSTEMATIC LAND REGISTRATION IN A SELECTED PERI-URBAN AREA

LGA supported the Bishoftu City, Dukem Sub-City urban land rights adjudication and registration (ULAR) team to complete field work to adjudicate rights in a total of 358 parcels in adjudication neighborhood numbers 01 and 18 during the reporting period.

The ULAR team submitted digital and hard copies of the adjudication records to the sub-city cadaster office for all adjudication neighborhoods, except number 18 where grievances are pending resolution. Once resolved, pilot activities in the sub-city will be completed and LGA expects that provisional certificates will be issued to landholders in neighborhood number 18, and will bring the total number of parcels with adjudicated land use rights to 1,328. The ULAR team continued to assist Grievance Handling Committees to resolve disputes. During this reporting period, 6 grievances were reported and 1 has been resolved. To date, a total of 36 grievances have been reported and 25 have been resolved by the committees. Summary attributes of the adjudicated parcels to date are presented in Table 2 below.

Adjudication activities implemented by the team included public meetings to inform communities about the process and mobilize their participation in it; verification of applicant's land use rights documents against the records of the rights creation agency; preparation of adjudication maps using satellite imagery; and facilitating the public display process where community members verified their rights data.

During September 2023, LGA held a two-day training workshop in the sub-city pilot neighborhoods to provide nine land administration experts from the Bishoftu City Cadaster Office and the Oromia regional land bureau to acquire working knowledge of the new ULAR software functionality and methodologies being piloted. The workshop was designed to obtain buy-in from regional officials for the new technology and encourage them to scale-up its application with donor support or the region's own resources.

Table 2. Summary attributes of urban land use rights adjudicated and registered in Dukem Sub-City

					Land			
			Land Use	Land Use	Use			
	Adjudication	Total	Rights	Rights	Rights	Government	Estimated	Area of
	Neighborhood	Number of	Holders	Holders	Co-	and Public	Total	Adjudicated
No.	No.	Parcels	(Male)	(Female)	holders	Parcels	Population	Rights (M ²)
Ι.	30	178	67	65	4	42	890	66,252

2.	31	228	75	89	6	70	1,140	97,336
3.	32	204	97	64	3	46	1,020	92,412
4.	33	193	90	59	3	41	965	63,555
5.	34	167	66	61	2	38	830	45,699
6.	01	166	47	61	4	56	835	66,699
7.	18	192	50	44	4	94	960	62,368
	Total	1,328	492	443	26	387	6,640	494,017

Assessment of Bishoftu City for inclusion in the pilot ULAR scaling-up.

Dukem and Bishoftu were recently merged, designating Dukem as a sub-city of the larger Bishoftu City. Dukem Sub-City has demonstrated that it is not conducive for scaling-up ULAR. It has not been able to resolve long delays in verifying land use rights documents through the Rights Creation Agency. For this reason, LGA assessed feasibility of supporting ULAR in other areas of Bishoftu city.

LGA met with the Bishoftu City Deputy Mayor on two occasions in August 2023 to discuss potential adjudication neighborhoods in which to support ULAR activities. The discussions resulted in preliminary identification of Melka-Dukem *Kebele* Section 01 as a suitable location. LGA conducted a joint assessment with Bishoftu City surveyors, adjudicators, and GIS experts to determine the status of ground control points (GCPs) and their densification.

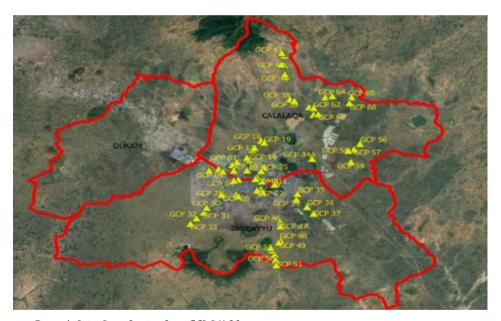


Figure 1: Point Densification from GCP DK 29

The assessment found that of the seven GCPs established by the Oromia Urban Planning Institute in 2019, two are inaccessible because they have either been destroyed or buried with sand. The remaining five GCPs are in good condition and can be used for ULAR adjudication work (Figure 1). The city's cadaster office tasked staff to prepare and adjudication map for the section (Figure 2), produce copies of landholding rights records for parcels in the section and conduct sensitization meetings with inhabitants.

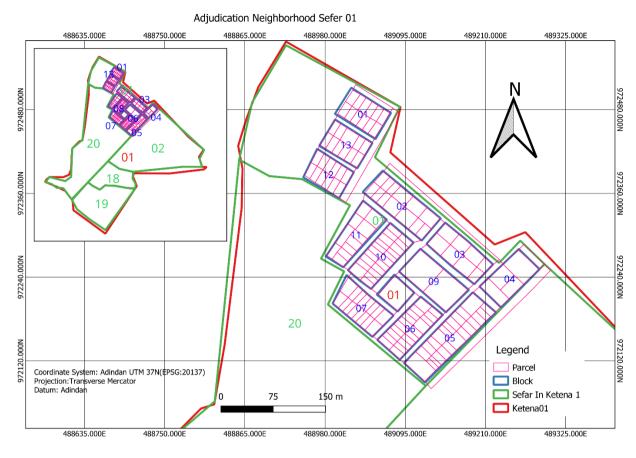


Figure 2: Adjudication Neighborhood Map – Melka-Dukem Kebele Section 01, Neighborhood 01

3.0 COMPONENT 2: EXPANDING COMMUNAL LAND TENURE SECURITY IN PASTORAL AREAS

3.1 SUB-COMPONENT 2.1: EXPAND COMMUNAL LAND TENURE SECURITY IN PASTORAL AREAS THROUGH IMPROVED POLICY AND LEGAL REFORM

3.1.1 ACTIVITY 2.1: SUPPORT DEVELOPMENT OF PASTORAL RIGHTS LEGISLATION

Afar NRS

LGA provided logistical and financial support to the regional land bureau in conducting a five-day validation workshop in July 2023 on its draft expropriation, valuation, and compensation directive that was prepared with LGA's technical assistance. Fifty experts from regional and woreda rural and urban land bureaus participated in the workshop. The experts provided feedback that the draft directive does not clearly define the methodology for valuing pastoral rangelands and the process for distributing compensation among pastoral community members. They recommended that the drafting committee assess the process and procedures implemented in valuing and compensating pastoral communities for the communal land that was expropriated to establish large-scale sugar plantations and construct railroads in the Assayita, Dubti, and Kessem Woredas in the region. It was agreed that experts from the regional land bureau and LGA will conduct the assessment during October 2023.

The regional land bureau also agreed to amend and update the draft pastoral communal land registration and management regulation that was drafted under the previous USAID-funded Land Administration to Nurture Development (LAND) project. The updated draft regulation will be informed by findings from the rapid assessment LGA staff conducted in August 2023 on the customary land tenure and land governance rules followed by pastoral communities in several of the region's woredas.

Somali NRS

LGA previously supported the regional land bureau to prepare its draft expropriation, compensation and resettlement directive that included a methodology for calculating the value of pastoral rangelands. The regional land bureau had revised the draft with feedback received during an LGA supported validation workshop with stakeholders. LGA expects that the draft directive will be submitted to the regional council for approval in November 2023.

3.2 SUB-COMPONENT 2.2: DEVELOP A SCALABLE APPROACH FOR LAND DEMARCATION, REGISTRATION AND CERTIFICATION OF PASTORAL LANDHOLDINGS IN COLLABORATION WITH CUSTOMARY LAND GOVERNANCE INSTITUTIONS

3.2.1 ACTIVITY 2.2: SUPPORT STRENGTHENING OF PASTORAL INSTITUTIONS

Oromia NRS

Strengthening capacities of previously established community land governance entities (CLGEs) established in the Borana Zone.

LGA subcontracted the CSO, Gayo Pastoral Development Initiative (GPDI), to strengthen capacities of three CLGEs established in the Borana Zone for the Golbo, Malbe and Dirre *Dheedas* under the USAID-funded LAND project, and to facilitate the registration and certification of land use rights of the pastoral community inhabiting the Gomolle *Dheeda*. GPDI is implementing these activities in close collaboration with regional, zonal and *woreda* land bureau experts who are leading the initiative, and with LGA, that is monitoring and providing technical backstopping support and advice.

GPDI's capacity strengthening approach is to work at both the *dheeda* (grazing unit) and *reera* (sub-grazing unit) levels. During this reporting period, GPDI facilitated establishment of rangeland councils comprising seven members in each of the Golbo *Dheeda*'s nine *reeras*. GPDI will finalize establishment of *reera* councils in the Dirre *Dheeda* during the next reporting period. It previously facilitated establishment of reera councils in the Malbe *Dheeda*.

Simultaneously, GPDI provided trainings to inhabitants of the three *dheedas* on land use rights guaranteed to pastoralists by federal and regional legislation, the rights conveyed to the communities by the land use rights certificates they were issued, provisions contained in the CLGEs' bylaws and the roles and responsibilities of CLGEs. Experts from the regional land bureau delivered the trainings over two consecutive days at the *dheeda* level at each of the three *dheedas*. A total of 443 pastoralists (2 females and 441 males) participated in the awareness-raising trainings.



Figure 3: Establishment of Hobok Reera council, Golbo Dheeda

According to the CLGE's bylaws, CLGEs have the right to establish financial management groups, lead by the *Abba Dheeda* (customary leader of the *dheeda*) and establish bank accounts with approval from the Borana Zone Land Bureau. All revenue generated from communal lands must be deposited into this bank account, and withdrawals from the account regulated by special rules. GPDI supported the communities inhabiting the Malbe and Golbo *Dheedas* to select their respective financial management groups in compliance with their bylaws. Zonal land bureau officials then supported the groups to open accounts at the Yabello Branch of the Commercial Bank of Ethiopia in the names of the "Committee of Malbe *Dheeda*" and the "Committee of Golbo *Dheeda*". GPDI will facilitate selection of the financial management group and opening a bank account for the Dirre *Dheeda* during the next reporting period.

Establishing CLGEs in the East Bale Zone.

LGA will support establishment of CLGEs for six pastoral communities whose land use rights are currently being registered as discussed under Activity 2.3 below. Establishment of the community's CLGE is a requirement for issuing the community its land use rights certificate.

3.2.2 ACTIVITY 2.3: DEVELOP SCALABLE APPROACHES TO DEMARCATE AND CERTIFY PASTORAL LANDHOLDINGS AND SUPPORT PARTICIPATORY LAND USE PLANNING

Oromia NRS

LGA supported regional, zonal and woreda land bureaus to certify the land use rights of 24 pastoral communities in the East Bale Zone in October 2022. LGA has supported the land bureaus to complete field work to register, adjudicate and validate the rights of an additional six communities in the Laga Hidha *Woreda* of the East Bale Zone. During this reporting period, LGA supported the land bureaus and communities to complete the public display process during which community members reviewed and endorsed the accuracy of maps and textual data depicting their land use rights. During the next reporting period, as noted above, LGA will support these communities to form their respective CLGEs, the final step required to issue the communities their land use rights certificates. LGA anticipates the certificates will be issued in November 2023.

LGA recruited and contracted 18 staff from local communities who were trained by land bureau experts during July 2023. They were provided training on the registration process, the process for preparing the maps, the benefits of the registration process and how to properly explain and clarify the process to community members and answer their questions.



Figure 4: Community members contracted and trained to support the public display process

LGA facilitated the public display of rights maps and textual data in three easily accessible locations in each community for a one-month period during July and August 2023. Public display staff were posted at the sites daily to collect comments and answer questions asked by community members. Members of the land bureau survey teams and the respective communities' pastoral landholding adjudication committee visited the sites twice a week to support the staff in responding to questions raised by community members and providing clarifications on issues raised.

Prior to conducing public display, LGA supported the land bureaus to conduct public information and awareness (PIA) raising activities during a six-day period in June and July 2023 to mobilize robust community participation in the public display process. PIA was designed to

inform community members about the public display process, their role in it to endorse the accuracy of the rights maps and textual data, as well as the benefits of the process in strengthening their land use rights. PIA activities were targeted in remote locations to reach community members that might not have been included in initial PIA implemented prior to conducing field work. A total of 1,268 community members (1,127)



male and 141 female) living in remote areas participated in the activities.

PIA activities helped to ensure high levels of community participation in the public display process. A total 9,329 community members (5,180 male, 4,149 female) visited the public display locations. Of these, 98% endorsed the accuracy of the maps and data. Approximately 2% provided comments and additional information about missing social service data including ponds and Mosques. The comments were analyzed by the land bureau surveyors who found them accurate and incorporated the information into the textual database. Only one

community member rejected the accuracy of the boundary between the Hero and Fik communities depicted on the map as shown in Table 3 below.

Table 3: Laga Hidha Woreda Public Display Results

Reco	rded Commen	its					Fully Accepted		Accepted with comment		Rejected		
No.	Community	Fully Accepted	Accepted with comment	Rejected	Total	percent	М	F	М	F	М	F	Total
I	Hero	1,730	41	1	1,772	98%	888	842	35	6	1	0	1,772
2	Fik	1,782	15	0	1,797	99%	1,030	752	15	0	0	0	1,797
3	Goni	1,575	25	0	1,600	98%	886	689	22	3	0	0	1,600
4	Yablo	1,559	41	0	1,600	97%	847	712	40	I	0	0	1,600
5	Gara Jalu	1,512	48	0	1,560	97%	762	750	46	2	0	0	1,560
6	Bare	1,000	0	0	1,000	100%	608	392	0	0	0	0	1,000
Total		9,158	170	1	9,329	98%	5,021	4,137	158	12	I	0	9,329

Support the preparation and implementation of participatory land use plans (PLUPs).

LGA is supporting the regional land bureau to collaborate with pastoral communities in the East Bale Zone, whose land use rights have been or are in the process of being certified by the land bureau, in preparing their respective PLUPs. During the previous quarter, LGA trained zonal and *woreda* land bureau experts on GIS and remote sensing applications for land use planning to support their efforts in preparing community-level PLUPs with accompanying maps in the scale of 1:25,000.

During this reporting period, LGA facilitated formation of planning teams for each community that will work with land bureau technical experts to prepare a PLUP, integrated land development plan (ILDP) and bylaws to implement the ILDP in their respective communities. Using free satellite imagery (Google Earth) and low-cost Global Positioning System tools, including smart phones and tablets, the teams conducted field verification to strengthen accuracy of the PLUP maps. Thus far, a total of 14 communities, in collaboration with land bureau experts, have prepared PLUPs. Of these, 13 have prepared bylaws and three have prepared their ILDP.

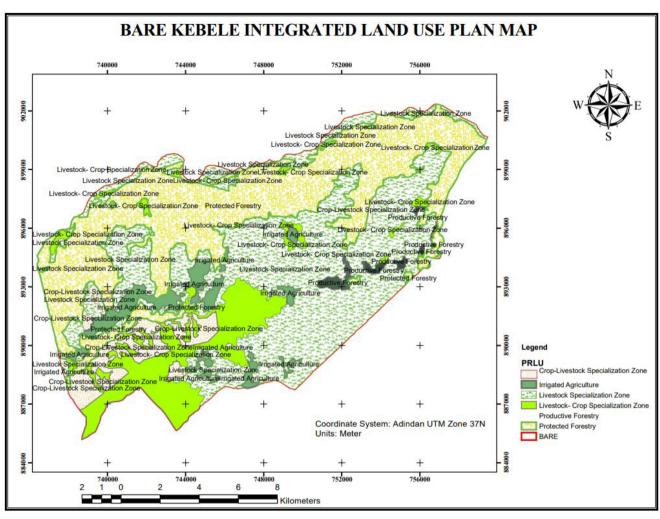


Figure 5 : PLUP for the Bare Community in the Laga Hidha Woreda

Afar NRS

As reported previously, LGA facilitated a meeting in May 2023 between the recently appointed Deputy Head of the regional land bureau, the Lead Executive Officer of the Rural Land Administration and Use Executive Office of the MoA, USAID's Contracting Officer's Representative and LGA's Chief of Party and technical experts to agree modalities to resuming support for strengthening land rights of pastoral communities in the region. In July 2023, as agreed during this meeting, LGA supported the regional land bureau to conduct a consultation workshop with key stakeholders in the regional and *woreda* land bureau offices and government officials including representatives of the Office of the President; women and youth, livestock, agriculture and natural resource bureaus; security officials and *woreda* government officials to inform them about LGA's support and obtain their buy-in. All participants expressed their commitment to support and facilitate LGA's interventions.

In August 2023, LGA, in collaboration with regional land bureau experts, conducted a rapid assessment of the customary land management and governance system in four selected woredas, Adhar, Teru, Berhale, and Bure Mudhayetu. The assessment team could not travel to a fifth woreda that borders Amhara NRS due to the security situation. Initial findings indicated that the communities are interested to participate in LGA's interventions, but additional

consultations will be needed to achieve consensus on whether to register community rights consistent with *woreda* or *kebele* administrative boundaries.

Additionally, LGA drafted a work plan that will guide delivery of its support in the coming year. The draft plan has been submitted to the regional land bureau for its review and comment.

Somali NRS

As reported previously, LGA and regional land bureau experts conducted PIA activities in the Kabridahar and Gode *Woredas* to identify suitable locations and communities to participate in LGA's interventions. It was determined that Gode *Woreda* inhabited by five pastoral communities was the more suitable location. LGA then drafted a training plan for the regional land bureau to help prepare it to conduct the required field work. In reviewing the plan, regional officials raised concerns related to financial support and requested a meeting with USAID to discuss implementation modalities.

The meeting was held on August 31, 2023, at LGA's offices in Addis Ababa. The Head, Deputy Head and Director of the Rural Land Administration and Land Use Directorate of the regional land bureau, USAID's Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) and Alternate COR, and LGA's Chief of Party and technical experts attended. After long discussion, concerns raised by land bureau officials were addressed and they expressed commitment to work closely with LGA in implementing its interventions. The Somali NRS land bureau officials agreed to assign a focal officer to liaise between the bureau and LGA office and to establish a regional steering committee to oversee implementation of LGA's interventions. They also inquired about LGA supporting members of their staff to participate in LGA's M.Sc. fellowship program and were informed that the time left before LGA's closure is not sufficient to allow for the graduation of new fellows. Regional officials agreed to collaborate with LGA in preparing a work plan for the coming year that would guide delivery of LGA's support and to meet during the next quarter in ligiga town, with the participation of USAID, to agree on the final work plan.

4.0 COMMUNICATION AND PUBLIC INFORMATION AWARENESS

LGA is preparing a documentary on the support it is providing to certify and formalize the land use rights of pastoral communities. Videoe interviews were conducted with twelve community members, including four women and three youth, in the Raitu and Sewena Woredas of East Bale Zone, Oromia NRS. Community members discussed the challenges they have faced due to a lack of land tenure security, and the benefits they expect to receive from the certification process. The video will depict day to day life in pastoral communities. The documentary will also present perspectives of regional and zonal land bureau officials and experts, the Rural Land Administration and Use Lead Executive Officer of the MoA and LGA's COP, and pastoral experts on the certification process. The documentary's script and video footage are currently being edited. It will contain a full, twenty-minute version along with a shorter, five-minute version. It will be disseminated through social media, stakeholders' websites and workshops that LGA will support.

LGA prepared one piece of social media content for USAID's communication team. It featured LGA's internship program, highlighting the practical experience gained by land administration students placed in regional and *woreda* land bureau offices.

5.0 MONITORING, EVALUATION, AND LEARNING (MEL)

LGA conducted a comparative study to measure improvements in time, cost, and process quality achieved through the introduction of improved technologies and processed under the ULAR pilot LGA is implementing in Dukem Town. The study compared results achieved under the ULAR pilot against baseline data collected on the manual ULAR processes previously completed in Hawassa, Wolayita Sodo, Bahir Dar, Dukem, and Adama Towns.

The comparative study included cross-sectional survey questions to measure perceptions, document review, and time-motion analysis to gather the precise time and cost of the ULAR process. LGA collected household data for 634 urban parcels, with rights adjudicated using manual processes in the above towns and 171 parcels urban parcels adjudicated under the ULAR pilot in Dukem Town. It also included qualitative data obtained through observation and 43 key informant interviews with persons whose rights were registered through manual processes and 11 key informants whose rights were registered under the ULAR pilot. The data is currently being analyzed.

Table 4 below summarizes the progress made during Quarter 4 against key performance indicator targets for Fiscal Year 2023.

Table 4: Quarter 4 progress against Fiscal Year 2023 performance indicator targets.

Ind .#	Indicator	Reporting Frequency	Baseline Values	FY23 Targets	Quarter 4 Actuals	LOA Targets				
	oose: Land governance at national, regional, and local level ductive use of land and natural resources promoted	els strengthe	ned, land-re	lated conflicts	reduced, and s	ustainable and				
IRI:	Land Governance System Strengthened									
	Percent of people with access to a land administration or service entity, office, or another related facility that the project technically or physically establishes or upgrades who report awareness and understanding of the services offered [EG.10.4-4, Outcome]	Y3 and Y5	37%	0	0	60%				
5	Percent of men who report awareness and understanding of the service offered		24%	0	0	40%				
	Percent of men who report awareness and understanding of the service offered		13%	0	0	20%				
	Comment: According to the Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (PIRS), this indicator will be measured and reported at the end of the 5 th year of the Activity.									
Sub-	IRI.I: Land governance policies and laws strengthened									
	Milestones in improved institutional architecture for food security policy achieved with USG support [EG.3.1-d Output, Outcome]	Annually	0	0	0	3				
	Institutional Architecture for improved policy formulation		0	0	0	3				
	Comment: There is no progress reported for this indicator during	I g the reporting	period.	1						
2	Number of specific pieces of land tenure and property rights legislation or implementing regulations proposed, adopted, and/or implemented positively affecting	Quarterly	0	0	2	27				

Ind .#	Indicator	Reporting Frequency	Baseline Values	FY23 Targets	Quarter 4 Actuals	LOA Targets					
	property rights of the urban and/or rural poor as a result of USG assistance [EG.10.4-1, Outcome]										
	Stage 1: Analyzed		-	-	I						
	Stage 2: Drafted and presented for public/stakeholder consultation		-	-	1						
	Stage 3: Reanalyzed/drafted based on the results of public/stakeholder consultation		-	-	I						
	Stage 4: Presented for Legislation/decree		-	-	0						
	Stage 5: Passed/Approved		-	-	0						
	Stage 6: Passed for which implementation has begun				0						
	Women's Equal Rights to Land Ownership										
	Number related specifically to guaranteeing women's equal rights to land ownership			-	0						
	Comment: The indicator measures the number of land regulations/administrative procedures in the various steps of progress toward an improved land management process at the national and/or regional level. During the reporting period, the Tigray NRS's expropriation, valuation, and compensation directive was drafted and validated. In addition to this, the LGA supported the validation of the previously drafted Afar region expropriation, valuation, and compensation directive.										
	Number of research studies conducted on land administration and land use issues [that influence the policies or programs of the GOE] [Custom, Output]	Quarterly	5	4	0	12					
20	Research topics			4	0	12					
	Comment: The Activity will support Ethiopian universities, civil s help influence or inform the development of its policies or program		tions, and thin	I k tanks to rese	arch topics request	ed by the GoE to					

Ind .#	Indicator	Reporting Frequency	Baseline Values	FY23 Targets	Quarter 4 Actuals	LOA Targets				
	LGA issued research grants to Haramaya University, Jimma University and Addis Ababa University/ College of Development Studies. Rese	,	•	ir Dar Universit	ry/ Institutes of Land	d Administration,				
	 « Privatization of Communal Lands in Pastoral Areas and its Impacts on Land Tenure Security of Different Pastoral Communities in Ethiopia » « Customary Land Tenure and Communal Resource Use and Governance in SNNP, Gambella and Benishangul National Regional States: Customary Organization, Rules, Practices, and Challenges » « Urban Local Governments' Capacity to Finance Urban Development and Provision of Municipal Services in Four Towns in Ethiopia and the Impact of Informal Urban Settlements, and « Women and Youth Access to Land for Housing and Work in Urban Settings: Challenges and Opportunities in Laws and Land Governance Processes » 									
	Current status of the research is described in the narrative of this of	quarter's progre	ess report.							
	Number of land and property rights disputes resolved by local authorities, contractors, mediators, or courts as a result of USG assistance [EG.10.4-3, Outcome]	Quarterly	5	25	0	300				
4	Disputes resolved by local/traditional authorities		0	25	0	300				
	Disputes resolved by contractors		0	0	0					
	Disputes resolved by mediators		0	0	1					
	Disputes resolved by courts		0	0	0					
	Comment: Six grievances were recorded during the urban land u	se rights adjudi	cation and regi	istration proces	s and one grievance	e was resolved.				
6	Number of parcels with relevant parcel information corrected or incorporated into an official land administration system as a result of USG assistance [EG.10.4-5, Output]	Quarterly	0	800	358	1,500 peri-urban parcels				
	Number of Parcels corrected	200	-	800	358	1,500				

Ind .#	Indicator	Reporting Frequency	Baseline Values	FY23 Targets	Quarter 4 Actuals	LOA Targets				
	Number of parcels newly incorporated	0		800	-	1,500				
	Comment: Reporting to this indicator may include parcel rights ownership rights corrected, and parcels with newly formalized right two adjudication neighborhoods in Dukem Town during urban land	nts. During the	reporting per	iod, a total of 3	58 parcels underwe	•				
Sub- deliv	·IRI.3: Land administration capacity enhanced to better devery	evelop land-us	se plans for	productive us	e of land and ef	fective service				
	Percent of individuals trained in land tenure and property rights as a result of USG assistance who correctly identify key learning objectives of the training 30 days after the training [EG.10.4-2, Outcome]	Quarterly	60%	80% of all trainees	100%	80% of all trainees				
	Sex									
3	Percent of men trained who correctly identify key learning objectives		60%	80%	100%	80%				
	Percent of women trained who correctly identify key learning objectives		60%	80%	0	80%				
	Comment: LGA conducted a ten-day GIS and Remote Sensing Application training for land use planning experts in the East Bale zone. Overall, I I participants (all males) attended the training. The participants were from the three East Bale zone woredas (Sewena, Raitu, and Lege Hida). Based on the phone call assessment conducted 30 days after the training, all participants (100%) correctly identified the key learning objectives of the training.									
	CBLD-9 Percent of USG-assisted organizations with improved performance [IM-level]	Annual	0	80%	0	80%				
7	Numerator: Total number of organizations with improved performance		0		0					
	Denominator: Total number of organizations receiving organizational capacity development support		0		0					

Ind .#	Indicator	Reporting Frequency	Baseline Values	FY23 Targets	Quarter 4 Actuals	LOA Targets					
	Comment: The performance improvement of partner CSOs will I	be measured ar	nd reported in	the I st quarter	of FY 24.						
	Number of individuals who have received USG-supported degree-granting non-nutrition-related food security training [EG.3.2-2, Output]	Quarterly	82	82	79	82					
	Sex		71	82	79	82					
	Male		71	77	75	77					
9	Female		11	5	4	5					
	Duration			82	79	82					
	New			0	0	0					
	Continuing			82	79	82					
	Comment: This indicator measures the number of people who are currently enrolled in or have graduated during the reporting year from a degree-granting technical, vocational, associate, bachelor, master, or Ph.D. program. In Q4 FY23, there were no new individuals enrolled in degree-granting training. The first batch of students from Bahir Dar University (25 males and I female, totaling 26) and Jimma University (24 males and I female, totaling 25) is expected to graduate tentatively in January 2024.										
10	Number of land administration and land use training curricula materials successfully developed and distributed [Custom, Output]	Quarterly	0	1	0	7					
	Type of training materials			I	0	7					
	Comment: A Gender Equality and Social Inclusion Training Manuby the National Women Land Rights Task Force (NWLRTF) and LO	•	•		lergo a review and	validation process					
Ш	Amount of GoE resources leveraged in support of training on land tenure and property rights [Custom, Output]	Annual	0	ЕТВ	0	ЕТВ					

Ind .#	Indicator	Reporting Frequency	Baseline Values	FY23 Targets	Quarter 4 Actuals	LOA Targets
				2,680,000		9,228,000
	Ethiopian Birr				0	
	Comment: This indicator is reported annually.					
IR2:	Communal land Tenure security in pastoral areas expanded					
	Number of adults who perceive their tenure rights to land or marine areas as secure as a result of USG assistance [EG.I0.4-8, IM-level]	Annual	230,145	13,262	0	91,769
	Sex			13,262	0	91,769
	Male		107,775	6,631	0	44,746
	Female		122,370	6,631	0	47,023
	Tenure Type			13,262	0	91,769
	Customary		230,145	11,102	0	89,069
13	Leasehold			2,160	0	2,700
	Location			13,262	0	91,769
	Rural		229,821	11,102	0	89,069
	Urban		324	2,160	0	2,700
	Comment: This indicator is reported annually.	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		

nd #	Indicator	Reporting Frequency	Baseline Values	FY23 Targets	Quarter 4 Actuals	LOA Target
5	Number of pastoral communities with demarcated and certified land rights [Custom, Output]	Quarterly	0	6	0	30
	Comment: This indicator will be reported once the land administ	ration office iss	ues the land r	ight certificatio	ns,	
ub-	IR 2.1 The pastoral community landholdings demarcated an	d registered				
	Number of individuals participating in USG food security programs [E.G. 3-2, Output]	Quarterly	255,717	14,736	531	101,966
	Sex of individuals participating (no double counting)			14,736	531	101,966
	Male		119,750	7,368	286	49,719
	Female		135,967	7,368	245	52,247
	Age Category of individuals participating (no double counting)			14,736	531	101,966
	15-29		23,015	1,474	176	10,196
	29+		232,702	13,262	355	91,770
	Type of individuals participating (double-counting allowed)				531	
	Household members		0	0	370	0
	People in a government		0	0	161	0
	People in USG-assisted private sector firms		0	0	0	0
	People in civil society		0	0	0	0
	Type of individual not applicable		0	0	0	0

Ind .#	Indicator	Reporting Frequency	Baseline Values	FY23 Targets	Quarter 4 Actuals	LOA Targets				
	Type of individual disaggregates not available		0	0	0	0				
	Comment: This indicator tracks the total number of individuals participating in the LGA activities drawing data from indicators #3, #9, and #12. In Q4, FY 23 the following activities were recorded:									
	 A total of 370 HHs (172 males and 198 females) had their Administration office. (Note that: in addition to the 370 H and Public Landholdings.) LGA successfully implemented an internship program that females)) and 92 TVET students (56 males and 36 females) three different regions. The 1st degree interns were select Forestry and Natural Resource, while the TVET interns were LGA facilitated a 10-day GIS and Remote Sensing Application. 	Hs, the LGA U benefited 150 s .) These stude ted from Debre ere selected fro	LAR surveying tudents. This nts were assig markos and H m Athlete Ke	crew adjudicate included 58 first ned to Land Adi lawassa Universi ninsa Bekele and	ed and validated 15 :-degree students (ministration and Us ity – Wondo Gene d Hosaina Polytech	0 Government 47 males and 11 se offices across t College of				
	Number of adults with legally recognized land or marine tenure rights as a result of USG assistance [EG.10.4-7 IM-level]	Quarterly	255,717	14,736	344	101,966				
	Sex		255,717	14,736	344	101,966				
	Male		119,750	7,368	162	50435				
	Female		135,967	7,368	182	51,531				
12	Type of documentation		255,717	14,736	0	101,966				
	Individual/Household		360	2400	344	3,000				
	Community/Group		255,357	12,336	0	98,966				
	Business/Commercial		0	0	0	0				

Ind .#	Indicator	Reporting Frequency	Baseline Values	FY23 Targets	Quarter 4 Actuals	LOA Targets		
	Location		255,717	14,736	0	101,966		
	Rural		255,357	12,336	0	98,966		
	Urban		360	2,400	344	3,000		
	Comment: During the reporting period, a total of 358 parcels w tenure rights legally recognized and officially registered in the Durecognition and legal protection to these households, ensuring their	ıkem Urban Laı	nd Administrat	tion office. This		•		
	Number of households or organizations with legally recognized land or marine tenure rights as a result of USG assistance [Custom, Output]	Quarterly	40,214	7,368	210	50,983		
14	Household			7,368	210	50,983		
	Urban			1,200	210	1,500		
	Rural			6168	0	49,483		
	Comment: During the reporting period, a total of 210 HHs (101 males and 109 females) had their land tenure rights legally recognized and officially registered in the Dukem Urban Land Administration office.							
	Number of hectares (in millions) mapped, demarcated, and adjudicated [Custom, Output]	Quarterly	2.7 million ha	240,313 ha	12,8763 ha	2,058,001 ha		
	Status							
19	Mapping			240,313 ha	12,8763 ha	2,058,001 ha		
	Demarcated			240,313 ha	12,8763 ha	2,058,001 ha		
	Adjudicated			240,313 ha	12,8763 ha	2,058,001 ha		
	Location			240,313 ha	12,8763 ha	2,058,001 ha		

Ind .#	Indicator	Reporting Frequency	Baseline Values	FY23 Targets	Quarter 4 Actuals	LOA Targets			
	Urban				12,8763 ha				
	Rural				0				
	Comment: During the reporting period, a total of 12,8763 ha (12 were mapped, demarcated, and adjudicated in Melka-Dukem Kebel	e of Dukem To	wn, Oromia N	IRS.	_				
Sub- yout	IR 2.2 Customary institutions strengthened to be democratih	c and inclusiv	e, creating a	ccess to prod	uctive resources	for women and			
16	Number of inclusive, pastoral community institutions established [Custom, Output]	Quarterly	3	6	0	30			
	Comment: There is no progress reported for this indicator durin	Comment: There is no progress reported for this indicator during the reporting period							
18	Number of pastoral community bylaws developed [Custom, Output]	Quarterly	0	6	13	30			
	Comment: During the reporting period, 13 communities integrated land use plan bylaws (except Lege Hida's bylaw) were developed and approved by the respective communities.								
	IR 2.3 Participatory land use plans developed that contributock	te to sustaina	ble and pro	ductive use o	f rangeland reso	urces, including			
17	Number of pastoral community land use plans developed [Custom, Output]	Quarterly	0	5	14	30			
	Comment: During the reporting period, 14 communities' (12 in R approved.	aitu, I in Sewer	na, and I in Leg	ge Hida) integra	ated land use plans	were finalized and			
Cros	ss-Cutting Indicators								
21	YOUTH-3: Percentage of participants in USG-assisted programs designed to increase access to productive economic resources who are youth (15-29) [IM-level]	Quarterly	9%	10%	7%	10%			

Ind .#	Indicator	Reporting Frequency	Baseline Values	FY23 Targets	Quarter 4 Actuals	LOA Targets		
	Numerator: Number of youth program participants			1,474	26	10,196		
	Denominator: Number of total participants in the program			14,736	370	101,966		
	Comment: During the reporting period, out of the total 370 in Females) (7% of the total) were legally recognized for land tenure r		•	_	, ,	`		
	GNDR-2 Percentage of female participants in USG-assisted programs designed to increase access to productive economic resources	Quarterly	21%	50%	53.5%	50%		
22	Numerator: Number of female program participants			7,368	198	50,983		
	Denominator : Total number of male and female participants in the program			14,736	370	101,966		
	Comment: During the reporting period, A total of 370 individuals were legally recognized for land tenure rights and registered in the Dukem Urban Land Administration office which represents 53.5% of female participants.							
	GNDR-4 Percentage of participants reporting increased agreement with the concept that males and females should have equal access to social, economic, and political resources and opportunities.	Y3 & Y5	37%	0	0	47%		
	Numerator/Denominator							
23	Numerator: Total Number of participants whose survey scores have improved over time		37%	0	0	47%		
	Denominator : Total number of participants				0			
	Sex							
	Percent of male participants who showed increased agreement				0			

Ind .#	Indicator	Reporting Frequency	Baseline Values	FY23 Targets	Quarter 4 Actuals	LOA Targets
	Percent of female participants who showed increased agreement				0	
	Comment : As per the PIRS, this indicator will be measured at the	e end of the 5 th	year of the Ac	tivity.		

ANNEX A: SUCCESS STORY

Key stakeholders applaud LGA's internship program

The Feed the Future Ethiopia Land Governance Activity (LGA) supported two rounds of summer internships for a total of 96 first degree and 181 Level IV technical vocational education training college (TVET) land administration students at regional and woreda land bureau offices across Ethiopia. The internship program was designed to provide students practical hands-on experience prior to graduation, support opportunities for employment in government land bureaus after graduation and help build capacity in Ethiopia's land governance system.

LGA supported the second round of internships during July-August 2023. A B.Sc. student who completed his internship in the land bureau office located in Sagure Town, Oromia National Regional State, said "It is interesting and useful to see application of the theoretical lessons I learnt in a real work environment." His impressions of the internship



Figure 6: Interns assigned to the Sagure Town land bureau

were shared by most of the 150 students (47 females) who participated in the second round of the program.

Representatives from the participating academic institutions and land bureau offices applauded the program for helping to bridge the practical training gap in their curricula. The Dean of the Wondo Genet College of Forestry and Natural Resources explained that "The internship program has contributed a lot to address lack of practical skills training, and helped the college to meet the curriculum standard." He noted that government institutions and development partners should model LGA's approach for to help sustain the program as well as to promote collaboration between academia and government institutions operating in the land sector to strengthen programs for building capacities in land administration. The Director of the Hadiya Zone Land Bureau stated that the interns quickly gained practical skills that enabled them to perform tasks that eased the workload of staff in his office.

LGA is pleased to note that program has also helped participants to secure employment after graduation. Several interns who participated in the first round of the program were offered jobs in the host offices to which they were assigned.

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